

Balance Billing Protection Notice



Your Rights and Protections Against Surprise Medical Bills and Balance Billing

When you get emergency care or are treated by an out-of-network provider at an in-network hospital or ambulatory surgical center, you are protected from surprise billing or balance billing. This right applies to all Emergency Room visits and for scheduled visits to hospitals in your insurance network. This right does not provide balance billing protection for out-of-network, non-emergency care, visits.

What is “balance billing” (sometimes called “surprise billing”)?

When you see a doctor or other health care provider, you may owe certain out-of-pocket costs, such as a copayment, coinsurance, and/or a deductible. You may have other costs or have to pay the entire bill if you see a provider or visit a health care facility that isn't in your health plan's network.

“Out-of-network” describes providers and facilities that haven't signed a contract with your health plan. Out-of-network providers may be permitted to bill you for the difference between what your plan agreed to pay, and the full amount charged for a service. This is called “balance billing.” This amount is likely more than in-network costs for the same service and might not count toward your annual out-of-pocket limit.

“Surprise billing” is an unexpected balance bill. This can happen when you can't control who is involved in your care — like when you have an emergency or when you schedule a visit at an in-network facility but are unexpectedly treated by an out-of-network provider.

Washington Patients

Insurers are required to tell you, via their websites or on request, which providers, hospitals and facilities are in their networks. Hospitals, surgical facilities and providers must tell you which provider networks they participate in on their website or on request.

You are protected from balance billing for:

Emergency Services

If you have an emergency medical condition and receive emergency services from an out-of-network provider or facility, the most the provider or facility may bill you is your plan's in-network cost-sharing amount (such as copayments and coinsurance). You can't be balance billed for these emergency services. This includes services you may get after you're in stable condition, unless you give written consent and give up your protections not to be balanced billed for these post-stabilization services.

Certain services at an in-network hospital or ambulatory surgical center

When you get services from an in-network hospital or ambulatory surgical center, certain providers there may be out-of-network. In these cases, the most those providers may bill you is your plan's in-network cost-sharing amount. This applies to emergency medicine, anesthesia, pathology, radiology, laboratory, neonatology, surgeons and assistant surgeons, hospitalists, or intensivist services. These providers cannot balance bill you and cannot ask you to give up your protections not to be balance billed.

If you get other services at these in-network facilities, out-of-network providers can't balance bill you, unless you give written consent and give up your protections.

You're never required to give up your protections from balance billing. You also aren't required to get care out-of-network. You can choose a provider or facility in your plan's network.

When balance billing is allowed:

- Balance billing is allowed when seeking non-emergent care at a healthcare facility that is not in your insurance network.

When balance billing isn't allowed, you also have the following protections:

- You are only responsible for paying your share of the cost (like the copayments, coinsurance, and deductibles) that you would pay if the provider or facility was in-network. Your health plan will pay out-of-network providers and facilities directly.
- Your health plan generally must:
 - Cover emergency services without requiring you to get approval for services in advance (prior authorization).
 - Cover emergency services by out-of-network providers.
 - Base what you owe the provider or facility (cost-sharing) on what it would pay an in-network provider or facility and show that amount in your explanation of benefits.
 - Count any amount you pay for emergency services or out-of-network services toward your deductible and out-of-pocket limit.

If you believe you've been wrongly billed, you may file a complaint with the:

Federal Government

<https://www.cms.gov/nosurprises/consumers>

Phone: 1-800-985-3059

Oregon Division of Financial Regulations

<https://dfr.oregon.gov/insure/Pages/index.aspx>

Email: DFR.InsuranceHelp@dcbs.oregon.gov

Phone: 1-888-877-4894

Washington State Office of the Insurance Commissioner

<https://www.insurance.wa.gov>

Phone: 1-800-562-6900

Visit <https://www.cms.gov/nosurprises> for more information about your rights under federal law.

Visit the Office of the Insurance Commissioner Balance Billing Protection Act website for more information about your rights under Washington state law.