VAGINAL SAMPLE COLLECTION

Sample collection is a critical step. Personnel collecting vaginal fluid specimens should be well trained to minimize the possibility of inadequate sample collection. All samples must be collected using the materials (swabs and tubes) provided in the set.

1. Place the patient in position for a pelvic examination. Insert a speculum into the vagina to permit visualization of the posterior vaginal fornix.

2. Using the sterile swab, obtain a sample from the posterior vaginal fornix. Twist or roll the swab against the vaginal wall two or three times, ensuring the entire circumference of the swab has touched the vaginal wall. Swab the lateral vaginal wall while removing the swab. (Figure 1)

3. Immediately place the swab in the Sample Collection Tube (SCT).

4. With the swab touching the BOTTOM of the collection tube, grasp the pre-scored handle of the swab just above the top of the tube and bend until the swab breaks (Figure 2). When the swab is fully inserted into the collection tube, the score mark on the swab is approximately 1 cm above the top of the collection tube. Discard the broken handle into an infectious waste container.

5. Place the cap over the exposed end of the swab and firmly press the cap onto the tube. The cap will “snap” onto the tube when it is properly seated.

6. Label the Sample Collection Tube (SCT) with the patient identification information. Include the date and time the sample was collected.

7. Place the capped Sample Collection Tube (SCT) into the plastic Sample Transport Bag for transport and testing with the BD Affirm VPIII Microbial Identification Test.
For transport of vaginal specimens for use in the BD Affirm VPIII Microbial Identification Test for Candida, Gardnerella and Trichomonas. See reverse side for collection procedures.

TRANSPORT

1. Open Seal / Remove Components

2. Tear / Remove Dropper

3. Break the ampule inside the ATTS Reagent Dropper by firmly squeezing the dropper, one time only, close to its center with your finger and thumb. CAUTION: After the ampule is broken, do not repeatedly squeeze and release the dropper. Doing so may cause injury.

4. Invert and dispense all fluid from the dropper.

5. Peel / Remove Swab

6. Collect Sample from Patient

7. Place swab into the tube until the swab tip touches the bottom of the tube.

8. Break Shaft at Score Line

9. Close Cap Firmly

10. Place Patient Label on Sample Tube

Sample is stable for 72 hours at ambient temperature (15-30°C) or refrigerated (2-8°C) storage.