Instructions for Viral and Pertussis Collections

Multiple tests (depending on quantity) can be performed on these two types of collections from only one specimen.

**Nasal Wash** (Recommended)

- **Materials:** Saline
  - 1-2 oz. Tapered rubber bulb*
  - Specimen Container
- **Method:**
  1) Suction 3-5 mL saline into a new sterile bulb
  2) Insert bulb into one nostril until nostril is occluded
  3) Instill saline into nostril with one squeeze of the bulb and immediately release bulb to collect recoverable specimen
  4) Empty bulb into suitable dry, sterile specimen container or test tube with cap.
- There is also a SYRINGE METHOD using a 3-5 mL syringe and 2 inches of 18-20 gauge tubing. Method is the same; inject saline and quickly aspirate back into syringe.

*Length and diameter of syringe, tube, or bulb as appropriate for infant, child, or adult

**Nasal Aspirate**

- **Materials:** Portable suction pump
  - Sterile suction catheter
  - Mucus trap (i.e. Luken’s tube)
- **Method:**
  1) Attach mucus trap to suction pump and catheter, leaving wrapper on suction catheter; turn on suction and adjust to suggested pressure (see table).
  2) Without applying suction, insert catheter into the nose, directed posteriorly, toward the opening of the external ear.**
  3) Apply suction: using a rotating movement, slowly withdraw catheter. Catheter should be in nasopharynx no longer than 10 seconds.
  4) Hold trap upright to prevent secretions from going into pump.
  5) Rinse catheter with saline (if necessary), disconnect suction, remove the cap with the tubing, and securely attach the other lid.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Patient Age</th>
<th>Catheter Size</th>
<th>Suction Pressure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Premature Infant</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>80-100 mmHg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Infant</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>80-100 mmHg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toddler/Preschooler</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>100-120 mmHg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>School Age</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>100-120 mmHg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adolescent/Adult</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>120-150 mmHg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**To determine length of catheter tubing measure distance from tip of nose to external opening of ear.

Primarily only one type of test (RSV or pertussis) can be performed per swab on these specimens.

**Nasopharyngeal Swab**

- **Materials:** Nasopharyngeal swab (see below for type):
  - **Viral or pertussis PCR** – Green top, Dacron or Rayon tip, (NOT calcium alginate) with liquid Stuarts transport. Specimen, swab containers or M4 or M4RT media.
  - **Pertussis culture** – Orange top, charcoal, Amies transport (These are ONLY good for culture, NOT PCR)
- **Method:**
  1) Insert swab into one nostril
  2) Press swab tip on the mucosal surface of the mid-interior portion of the inferior turbinate, and rub the swab tip several times across the mucosal surface to loosen and collect cellular material.
  3) Withdraw swab; insert swab into sterile container or swab container.
  4) For viral PCR immediately insert swab into a vial of M4 or M4RT media. Do Not insert swabs for Pertussis culture into a viral transport tube.
  5) Cut or break swabs into M4 (M4RT) media. DO NOT stuff swab handle cap into tube.

*Legacy provides both of these swab types and M4 or M4RT through Legacy Laboratory Supply department.

These specimens will not be collected at Legacy Patient Service Centers or Laboratories.